

Supplementary Material: Analysis and Forecasting of Risk in Count Processes

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Acronyms

DGP = data-generating process

Poi = Poisson

ZIP = zero-inflated Poisson

NB = negative binomial

INAR = integer-valued autoregressive

INARCH = integer-valued autoregressive conditional heteroscedasticity

BinAR = binomial autoregressive

BinARCH = binomial autoregressive conditional heteroscedasticity

ll-Poi-AR = log-linear Poisson autoregressive

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S.1 Figures with Boxplots for Section 4

See the content of the zip-file “RiskPredCountTS_Boxplots.zip”.

S.2 Tables with Summarizing Statistics for Section 4

Section 4.1 INAR(1) Count DGPs

Table S.1: Relative frequency of risk underrating for Poi-, ZIP, and NB-INAR(1) DGPs, coherent (“Coh”) vs. approximate (“Gau”) forecasts, for different (α, T) , $I = 1.4$ in case of overdispersion and forecast horizon $h = 1$, computed across all simulation runs and all levels of μ .

	Poi-INAR(1) DGP						ZIP-INAR(1) DGP						NB-INAR(1) DGP					
	$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$		$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$		$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$	
	Coh	Gau																
VaR_{0.95}																		
$T = 75$	0.171	0.631	0.142	0.587	0.076	0.485	0.203	0.559	0.179	0.586	0.154	0.639	0.261	0.704	0.231	0.666	0.170	0.587
$T = 250$	0.099	0.663	0.086	0.608	0.061	0.498	0.120	0.582	0.111	0.626	0.115	0.722	0.170	0.789	0.160	0.753	0.125	0.676
$T = 2500$	0.034	0.685	0.030	0.619	0.026	0.505	0.038	0.586	0.035	0.643	0.040	0.760	0.053	0.857	0.049	0.809	0.042	0.718
TCE_{0.95}																		
$T = 75$	0.475	0.527	0.408	0.458	0.284	0.328	0.486	0.426	0.451	0.454	0.447	0.538	0.529	0.731	0.522	0.703	0.500	0.647
$T = 250$	0.482	0.525	0.443	0.435	0.373	0.299	0.498	0.400	0.480	0.453	0.521	0.610	0.532	0.832	0.542	0.809	0.560	0.770
$T = 2500$	0.495	0.526	0.480	0.418	0.461	0.281	0.500	0.361	0.494	0.434	0.519	0.644	0.510	0.924	0.515	0.892	0.534	0.842
ES_{0.95}																		
$T = 75$	0.495	0.758	0.440	0.697	0.308	0.603	0.499	0.635	0.474	0.667	0.442	0.760	0.522	0.881	0.510	0.871	0.478	0.864
$T = 250$	0.497	0.861	0.464	0.779	0.388	0.682	0.506	0.697	0.496	0.747	0.509	0.894	0.526	0.976	0.535	0.974	0.546	0.981
$T = 2500$	0.499	0.964	0.489	0.863	0.466	0.763	0.503	0.742	0.500	0.807	0.513	0.971	0.508	1.000	0.512	1.000	0.528	1.000
MVaR_{0.95}																		
$T = 75$	0.500	0.752	0.456	0.727	0.333	0.719	0.502	0.653	0.484	0.694	0.448	0.770	0.518	0.778	0.504	0.757	0.467	0.723
$T = 250$	0.499	0.854	0.474	0.820	0.404	0.829	0.507	0.724	0.500	0.787	0.506	0.911	0.522	0.905	0.526	0.892	0.523	0.886
$T = 2500$	0.500	0.962	0.492	0.910	0.470	0.928	0.503	0.789	0.502	0.863	0.510	0.987	0.506	0.996	0.510	0.991	0.516	0.995
EVaR_{0.95}																		
$T = 75$	0.501	0.661	0.467	0.626	0.362	0.556	0.503	0.587	0.488	0.618	0.452	0.683	0.513	0.739	0.501	0.724	0.467	0.707
$T = 250$	0.500	0.748	0.480	0.690	0.420	0.610	0.504	0.641	0.499	0.693	0.502	0.822	0.519	0.868	0.523	0.861	0.525	0.868
$T = 2500$	0.500	0.891	0.494	0.788	0.477	0.682	0.503	0.698	0.501	0.780	0.509	0.945	0.505	0.993	0.508	0.987	0.518	0.994

Table S.2: Mean severity of risk underrating for Poi-, ZIP, and NB-INAR(1) DGPs, coherent (“Coh”) vs. approximate (“Gau”) forecasts, for different (α, T) , $I = 1.4$ in case of overdispersion and forecast horizon $h = 1$, computed across all simulation runs and all levels of μ .

	Poi-INAR(1) DGP						ZIP-INAR(1) DGP						NB-INAR(1) DGP					
	$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$		$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$		$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$	
	Coh	Gau																
VaR_{0.95}																		
$T = 75$	-1.034	-0.582	-1.020	-0.538	-1.005	-0.424	-1.049	-0.570	-1.026	-0.579	-1.018	-0.530	-1.110	-0.742	-1.068	-0.682	-1.017	-0.529
$T = 250$	-1.002	-0.444	-1.001	-0.416	-1.000	-0.332	-1.005	-0.428	-1.002	-0.455	-1.001	-0.452	-1.014	-0.586	-1.006	-0.553	-1.000	-0.446
$T = 2500$	-1.000	-0.378	-1.000	-0.357	-1.000	-0.292	-1.000	-0.354	-1.000	-0.387	-1.000	-0.410	-1.000	-0.489	-1.000	-0.463	-1.000	-0.392
TCE_{0.95}																		
$T = 75$	-0.402	-0.553	-0.386	-0.499	-0.304	-0.371	-0.466	-0.525	-0.439	-0.534	-0.407	-0.503	-0.710	-0.842	-0.649	-0.779	-0.531	-0.627
$T = 250$	-0.224	-0.384	-0.219	-0.352	-0.190	-0.256	-0.260	-0.368	-0.254	-0.395	-0.275	-0.404	-0.437	-0.667	-0.433	-0.636	-0.402	-0.536
$T = 2500$	-0.074	-0.294	-0.071	-0.272	-0.067	-0.195	-0.083	-0.286	-0.079	-0.316	-0.100	-0.345	-0.140	-0.552	-0.142	-0.530	-0.153	-0.471
ES_{0.95}																		
$T = 75$	-0.381	-0.676	-0.347	-0.597	-0.289	-0.426	-0.451	-0.637	-0.414	-0.649	-0.388	-0.632	-0.712	-1.067	-0.657	-0.994	-0.542	-0.830
$T = 250$	-0.212	-0.506	-0.203	-0.437	-0.190	-0.295	-0.254	-0.469	-0.245	-0.507	-0.270	-0.551	-0.437	-0.949	-0.434	-0.907	-0.413	-0.800
$T = 2500$	-0.068	-0.418	-0.067	-0.350	-0.070	-0.226	-0.080	-0.366	-0.079	-0.418	-0.098	-0.507	-0.139	-0.916	-0.141	-0.877	-0.153	-0.806
MVaR_{0.95}																		
$T = 75$	-0.350	-0.589	-0.307	-0.547	-0.229	-0.449	-0.418	-0.576	-0.376	-0.589	-0.321	-0.547	-0.545	-0.756	-0.478	-0.693	-0.352	-0.543
$T = 250$	-0.193	-0.436	-0.177	-0.405	-0.146	-0.342	-0.235	-0.420	-0.219	-0.455	-0.204	-0.467	-0.324	-0.596	-0.295	-0.558	-0.223	-0.450
$T = 2500$	-0.061	-0.355	-0.058	-0.331	-0.054	-0.289	-0.074	-0.323	-0.070	-0.374	-0.071	-0.432	-0.102	-0.516	-0.094	-0.478	-0.077	-0.399
EVaR_{0.95}																		
$T = 75$	-0.323	-0.441	-0.284	-0.402	-0.202	-0.309	-0.377	-0.447	-0.336	-0.445	-0.275	-0.394	-0.476	-0.597	-0.425	-0.549	-0.323	-0.433
$T = 250$	-0.178	-0.292	-0.160	-0.264	-0.124	-0.193	-0.211	-0.291	-0.192	-0.306	-0.173	-0.295	-0.279	-0.443	-0.260	-0.416	-0.212	-0.338
$T = 2500$	-0.057	-0.200	-0.052	-0.181	-0.044	-0.128	-0.066	-0.191	-0.061	-0.217	-0.059	-0.241	-0.088	-0.359	-0.082	-0.336	-0.075	-0.287

Table S.3: Relative frequency of risk underrating for Poi-, ZIP, and NB-INAR(1) DGPs, coherent (“Coh”) vs. approximate (“Gau”) forecasts, for different (α, T) , $I = 2.4$ in case of overdispersion and forecast horizon $h = 1$, computed across all simulation runs and all levels of μ .

		Poi-INAR(1) DGP				ZIP-INAR(1) DGP				NB-INAR(1) DGP							
		$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$		$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$		$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$	
		Coh	Gau														
VaR_{0.95}																	
$T = 75$		0.171	0.631	0.142	0.587	0.076	0.485	0.269	0.572	0.293	0.708	0.383	0.850	0.388	0.797	0.397	0.775
$T = 250$		0.099	0.663	0.086	0.608	0.061	0.498	0.158	0.574	0.176	0.769	0.240	0.947	0.261	0.897	0.266	0.872
$T = 2500$		0.034	0.685	0.030	0.619	0.026	0.505	0.051	0.575	0.057	0.813	0.072	0.990	0.083	0.988	0.086	0.968
TCE_{0.95}																	
$T = 75$		0.475	0.527	0.408	0.458	0.284	0.328	0.524	0.423	0.542	0.589	0.656	0.841	0.579	0.916	0.598	0.920
$T = 250$		0.482	0.525	0.443	0.435	0.373	0.299	0.513	0.388	0.527	0.604	0.600	0.936	0.548	0.987	0.567	0.988
$T = 2500$		0.495	0.526	0.480	0.418	0.461	0.281	0.503	0.368	0.509	0.604	0.534	0.985	0.513	1.000	0.524	1.000
ES_{0.95}																	
$T = 75$		0.495	0.758	0.440	0.697	0.308	0.603	0.523	0.558	0.537	0.716	0.628	0.919	0.572	0.959	0.592	0.961
$T = 250$		0.497	0.861	0.464	0.779	0.388	0.682	0.514	0.549	0.522	0.768	0.580	0.987	0.541	0.998	0.557	0.998
$T = 2500$		0.499	0.964	0.489	0.863	0.466	0.763	0.504	0.533	0.506	0.801	0.525	1.000	0.511	1.000	0.518	1.000
MVaR_{0.95}																	
$T = 75$		0.500	0.752	0.456	0.727	0.333	0.719	0.524	0.618	0.537	0.756	0.601	0.888	0.562	0.826	0.572	0.807
$T = 250$		0.499	0.854	0.474	0.820	0.404	0.829	0.515	0.640	0.523	0.837	0.565	0.978	0.534	0.939	0.547	0.919
$T = 2500$		0.500	0.962	0.492	0.910	0.470	0.928	0.505	0.639	0.505	0.900	0.522	0.997	0.509	1.000	0.514	0.999
EVaR_{0.95}																	
$T = 75$		0.501	0.661	0.467	0.626	0.362	0.556	0.518	0.580	0.527	0.700	0.587	0.847	0.557	0.841	0.572	0.846
$T = 250$		0.500	0.748	0.480	0.690	0.420	0.610	0.512	0.602	0.516	0.782	0.555	0.962	0.532	0.951	0.545	0.955
$T = 2500$		0.500	0.891	0.494	0.788	0.477	0.682	0.504	0.597	0.502	0.862	0.518	1.000	0.509	1.000	0.514	1.000

Table S.4: Mean severity of risk underrating for Poi-, ZIP, and NB-INAR(1) DGPs, coherent (“Coh”) vs. approximate (“Gau”) forecasts, for different (α, T) , $I = 2.4$ in case of overdispersion and forecast horizon $h = 1$, computed across all simulation runs and all levels of μ .

		Poi-INAR(1) DGP				ZIP-INAR(1) DGP				NB-INAR(1) DGP							
		$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$		$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$		$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$	
		Coh	Gau														
VaR_{0.95}																	
$T = 75$		-1.034	-0.582	-1.020	-0.538	-1.005	-0.424	-1.133	-0.777	-1.148	-0.926	-1.244	-1.066	-1.384	-1.283	-1.365	-1.240
$T = 250$		-1.002	-0.444	-1.001	-0.416	-1.000	-0.332	-1.016	-0.599	-1.017	-0.734	-1.068	-0.915	-1.084	-0.984	-1.074	-0.939
$T = 2500$		-1.000	-0.378	-1.000	-0.357	-1.000	-0.292	-1.000	-0.520	-1.000	-0.641	-1.004	-0.865	-1.000	-0.844	-1.000	-0.787
TCE_{0.95}																	
$T = 75$		-0.402	-0.553	-0.386	-0.499	-0.304	-0.371	-0.622	-0.776	-0.681	-0.948	-0.934	-1.216	-1.339	-1.959	-1.427	-2.003
$T = 250$		-0.224	-0.384	-0.219	-0.352	-0.190	-0.256	-0.336	-0.607	-0.376	-0.750	-0.555	-1.043	-0.757	-1.721	-0.810	-1.777
$T = 2500$		-0.074	-0.294	-0.071	-0.272	-0.067	-0.195	-0.109	-0.542	-0.123	-0.663	-0.178	-0.979	-0.242	-1.674	-0.266	-1.731
ES_{0.95}																	
$T = 75$		-0.381	-0.676	-0.347	-0.597	-0.289	-0.426	-0.619	-0.899	-0.676	-1.100	-0.894	-1.443	-1.349	-2.317	-1.433	-2.371
$T = 250$		-0.212	-0.506	-0.203	-0.437	-0.190	-0.295	-0.335	-0.726	-0.369	-0.899	-0.521	-1.330	-0.755	-2.157	-0.804	-2.222
$T = 2500$		-0.068	-0.418	-0.067	-0.350	-0.070	-0.226	-0.105	-0.663	-0.116	-0.801	-0.167	-1.315	-0.239	-2.134	-0.256	-2.197
MVaR_{0.95}																	
$T = 75$		-0.350	-0.589	-0.307	-0.547	-0.229	-0.449	-0.576	-0.794	-0.614	-0.941	-0.738	-1.090	-0.945	-1.301	-0.925	-1.254
$T = 250$		-0.193	-0.436	-0.177	-0.405	-0.146	-0.342	-0.312	-0.609	-0.332	-0.746	-0.426	-0.962	-0.525	-1.006	-0.510	-0.953
$T = 2500$		-0.061	-0.355	-0.058	-0.331	-0.054	-0.289	-0.098	-0.531	-0.104	-0.650	-0.134	-0.942	-0.165	-0.911	-0.161	-0.836
EVaR_{0.95}																	
$T = 75$		-0.323	-0.441	-0.284	-0.402	-0.202	-0.309	-0.505	-0.617	-0.514	-0.713	-0.561	-0.807	-0.809	-1.100	-0.816	-1.096
$T = 250$		-0.178	-0.292	-0.160	-0.264	-0.124	-0.193	-0.275	-0.429	-0.277	-0.520	-0.311	-0.662	-0.449	-0.866	-0.451	-0.870
$T = 2500$		-0.057	-0.200	-0.052	-0.181	-0.044	-0.128	-0.086	-0.340	-0.086	-0.416	-0.096	-0.630	-0.141	-0.800	-0.143	-0.806

Section 4.2 Further Autoregressive Count DGPs

Table S.5: Relative frequency of risk underrating for Poisson INAR(2), INARCH(1) and INARCH(2) DGPs, coherent (“Coh”) vs. approximate (“Gau”) forecasts, for different (α, T) , $\alpha_2 = 0.25$ in case of the second-order models and forecast horizon $h = 1$, computed across all simulation runs and all levels of μ .

	Poi-INAR(2) DGP						Poi-INARCH(1) DGP						Poi-INARCH(2) DGP						
	$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$		$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$		$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$		
	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	
VaR_{0.95}																			
$T = 75$	0.201	0.601	0.188	0.559	0.178	0.487	0.187	0.630	0.192	0.589	0.199	0.502	0.224	0.613	0.232	0.573	0.250	0.506	
$T = 250$	0.115	0.629	0.109	0.572	0.105	0.480	0.109	0.664	0.110	0.598	0.112	0.489	0.131	0.643	0.137	0.585	0.149	0.492	
$T = 2500$	0.037	0.651	0.036	0.582	0.035	0.482	0.033	0.696	0.033	0.602	0.031	0.490	0.042	0.664	0.044	0.593	0.047	0.488	
TCE_{0.95}																			
$T = 75$	0.477	0.501	0.439	0.452	0.369	0.388	0.494	0.555	0.507	0.524	0.484	0.461	0.505	0.545	0.504	0.516	0.496	0.469	
$T = 250$	0.483	0.493	0.460	0.425	0.412	0.353	0.505	0.564	0.498	0.510	0.498	0.444	0.505	0.548	0.501	0.508	0.495	0.447	
$T = 2500$	0.493	0.487	0.487	0.410	0.468	0.336	0.505	0.574	0.504	0.515	0.492	0.439	0.500	0.551	0.500	0.504	0.496	0.438	
ES_{0.95}																			
$T = 75$	0.496	0.702	0.471	0.629	0.421	0.521	0.494	0.757	0.507	0.678	0.484	0.550	0.505	0.715	0.504	0.647	0.496	0.549	
$T = 250$	0.496	0.781	0.483	0.668	0.450	0.514	0.505	0.831	0.498	0.700	0.498	0.551	0.505	0.781	0.501	0.677	0.495	0.541	
$T = 2500$	0.498	0.859	0.495	0.698	0.484	0.518	0.505	0.898	0.504	0.728	0.492	0.550	0.500	0.833	0.500	0.696	0.496	0.540	
MVaR_{0.95}																			
$T = 75$	0.501	0.707	0.484	0.661	0.451	0.590	0.494	0.734	0.507	0.671	0.484	0.551	0.505	0.698	0.504	0.639	0.496	0.552	
$T = 250$	0.500	0.793	0.491	0.719	0.469	0.608	0.505	0.815	0.498	0.696	0.498	0.554	0.505	0.770	0.501	0.673	0.495	0.540	
$T = 2500$	0.499	0.886	0.497	0.772	0.492	0.628	0.505	0.901	0.504	0.722	0.492	0.548	0.500	0.832	0.500	0.697	0.496	0.541	
EVaR_{0.95}																			
$T = 75$	0.502	0.623	0.487	0.577	0.461	0.508	0.494	0.659	0.507	0.611	0.484	0.516	0.505	0.631	0.504	0.586	0.496	0.516	
$T = 250$	0.501	0.687	0.492	0.610	0.474	0.504	0.505	0.735	0.498	0.635	0.498	0.516	0.505	0.688	0.501	0.612	0.495	0.507	
$T = 2500$	0.499	0.781	0.497	0.655	0.495	0.513	0.505	0.821	0.504	0.665	0.492	0.519	0.500	0.755	0.500	0.638	0.496	0.507	

Table S.6: Mean severity of risk underrating for Poisson INAR(2), INARCH(1) and INARCH(2) DGPs, coherent (“Coh”) vs. approximate (“Gau”) forecasts, for different (α, T) , $\alpha_2 = 0.25$ in case of the second-order models and forecast horizon $h = 1$, computed across all simulation runs and all levels of μ .

	Poi-INAR(2) DGP						Poi-INARCH(1) DGP						Poi-INARCH(2) DGP						
	$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$		$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$		$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$		
	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	
VaR_{0.95}																			
$T = 75$	-1.070	-0.653	-1.070	-0.675	-1.122	-0.749	-1.061	-0.660	-1.104	-0.804	-1.206	-1.221	-1.112	-0.749	-1.148	-0.904	-1.251	-1.329	
$T = 250$	-1.009	-0.489	-1.007	-0.515	-1.018	-0.600	-1.005	-0.520	-1.005	-0.648	-1.037	-1.074	-1.017	-0.572	-1.025	-0.717	-1.057	-1.132	
$T = 2500$	-1.000	-0.406	-1.000	-0.436	-1.000	-0.522	-1.000	-0.434	-1.000	-0.584	-1.000	-0.955	-1.000	-0.481	-1.000	-0.626	-1.000	-1.016	
TCE_{0.95}																			
$T = 75$	-0.479	-0.634	-0.485	-0.657	-0.568	-0.731	-0.428	-0.663	-0.445	-0.858	-0.529	-1.380	-0.526	-0.768	-0.564	-0.967	-0.669	-1.482	
$T = 250$	-0.258	-0.445	-0.258	-0.487	-0.280	-0.594	-0.231	-0.501	-0.237	-0.695	-0.251	-1.239	-0.283	-0.574	-0.299	-0.774	-0.340	-1.298	
$T = 2500$	-0.082	-0.343	-0.081	-0.398	-0.083	-0.515	-0.069	-0.401	-0.071	-0.614	-0.069	-1.118	-0.090	-0.470	-0.093	-0.678	-0.100	-1.189	
ES_{0.95}																			
$T = 75$	-0.458	-0.748	-0.446	-0.760	-0.490	-0.828	-0.430	-0.798	-0.446	-0.990	-0.542	-1.515	-0.526	-0.903	-0.564	-1.100	-0.674	-1.613	
$T = 250$	-0.249	-0.554	-0.241	-0.575	-0.253	-0.673	-0.229	-0.633	-0.236	-0.818	-0.267	-1.348	-0.286	-0.707	-0.299	-0.897	-0.343	-1.413	
$T = 2500$	-0.079	-0.450	-0.077	-0.487	-0.078	-0.589	-0.072	-0.548	-0.073	-0.742	-0.082	-1.245	-0.090	-0.605	-0.092	-0.800	-0.103	-1.300	
MVaR_{0.95}																			
$T = 75$	-0.426	-0.661	-0.412	-0.685	-0.436	-0.761	-0.398	-0.665	-0.415	-0.808	-0.505	-1.233	-0.486	-0.757	-0.521	-0.913	-0.625	-1.326	
$T = 250$	-0.231	-0.481	-0.221	-0.508	-0.223	-0.598	-0.211	-0.508	-0.219	-0.645	-0.247	-1.058	-0.265	-0.567	-0.277	-0.715	-0.318	-1.125	
$T = 2500$	-0.073	-0.382	-0.069	-0.421	-0.067	-0.513	-0.066	-0.422	-0.068	-0.577	-0.075	-0.968	-0.083	-0.467	-0.085	-0.617	-0.094	-1.005	
EVaR_{0.95}																			
$T = 75$	-0.397	-0.514	-0.386	-0.532	-0.396	-0.592	-0.367	-0.503	-0.384	-0.615	-0.468	-0.949	-0.449	-0.591	-0.483	-0.713	-0.579	-1.044	
$T = 250$	-0.216	-0.338	-0.207	-0.359	-0.202	-0.428	-0.195	-0.350	-0.202	-0.454	-0.228	-0.770	-0.245	-0.409	-0.256	-0.519	-0.294	-0.828	
$T = 2500$	-0.068	-0.232	-0.065	-0.263	-0.060	-0.334	-0.061	-0.267	-0.063	-0.384	-0.069	-0.666	-0.077	-0.304	-0.079	-0.418	-0.087	-0.702	

Note: Given (α, T) , the frequencies of risk underrating for the coherent TCE, ES, MVaR, and EVaR forecasts agree with each other in case of the Poi-INARCH models, see Tables S.5, S.7, and S.9. This is explained by the fact that the 1-step-ahead forecast distribution of these models is a one-parameter Poi-distribution: since all risk measures are strictly increasing in the Poisson's mean, we have a unique type of deviation from the true risk value.

Table S.7: Relative frequency of risk underrating for Poisson INAR(2), INARCH(1) and INARCH(2) DGPs, coherent (“Coh”) vs. approximate (“Gau”) forecasts, for different (α, T) , $\alpha_2 = 0.35$ in case of the second-order models and forecast horizon $h = 1$, computed across all simulation runs and all levels of μ .

	Poi-INAR(2) DGP				Poi-INARCH(1) DGP				Poi-INARCH(2) DGP									
	$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$		$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$		$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$	
	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau
VaR_{0.95}																		
<i>T</i> = 75	0.187	0.584	0.176	0.543	0.165	0.479	0.187	0.630	0.192	0.589	0.199	0.502	0.227	0.599	0.234	0.565	0.254	0.505
<i>T</i> = 250	0.112	0.609	0.102	0.548	0.097	0.467	0.109	0.664	0.110	0.598	0.112	0.489	0.135	0.623	0.141	0.571	0.151	0.486
<i>T</i> = 2500	0.036	0.630	0.035	0.563	0.031	0.466	0.033	0.696	0.033	0.602	0.031	0.490	0.043	0.643	0.043	0.579	0.047	0.479
TCE_{0.95}																		
<i>T</i> = 75	0.479	0.405	0.436	0.338	0.384	0.494	0.555	0.507	0.524	0.484	0.461	0.503	0.534	0.503	0.512	0.497	0.470	
<i>T</i> = 250	0.458	0.466	0.437	0.406	0.393	0.350	0.505	0.564	0.498	0.510	0.498	0.444	0.504	0.533	0.502	0.501	0.491	0.444
<i>T</i> = 2500	0.486	0.456	0.480	0.394	0.458	0.330	0.505	0.574	0.504	0.515	0.492	0.439	0.500	0.537	0.502	0.496	0.495	0.434
ES_{0.95}																		
<i>T</i> = 75	0.433	0.479	0.405	0.436	0.338	0.384	0.494	0.555	0.507	0.524	0.484	0.461	0.503	0.534	0.503	0.512	0.497	0.470
<i>T</i> = 250	0.458	0.466	0.437	0.406	0.393	0.350	0.505	0.564	0.498	0.510	0.498	0.444	0.504	0.533	0.502	0.501	0.491	0.444
<i>T</i> = 2500	0.486	0.456	0.480	0.394	0.458	0.330	0.505	0.574	0.504	0.515	0.492	0.439	0.500	0.537	0.502	0.496	0.495	0.434
MVaR_{0.95}																		
<i>T</i> = 75	0.478	0.690	0.466	0.642	0.435	0.568	0.494	0.734	0.507	0.671	0.484	0.551	0.503	0.677	0.503	0.628	0.497	0.552
<i>T</i> = 250	0.489	0.771	0.477	0.691	0.462	0.576	0.505	0.815	0.498	0.696	0.498	0.554	0.504	0.734	0.502	0.654	0.491	0.535
<i>T</i> = 2500	0.497	0.852	0.494	0.740	0.483	0.586	0.505	0.901	0.504	0.722	0.492	0.548	0.500	0.787	0.502	0.680	0.495	0.530
EVaR_{0.95}																		
<i>T</i> = 75	0.483	0.605	0.473	0.560	0.445	0.496	0.494	0.659	0.507	0.611	0.484	0.516	0.503	0.614	0.503	0.578	0.497	0.518
<i>T</i> = 250	0.492	0.661	0.481	0.584	0.467	0.487	0.505	0.735	0.498	0.635	0.498	0.516	0.504	0.660	0.502	0.598	0.491	0.502
<i>T</i> = 2500	0.498	0.741	0.496	0.619	0.485	0.487	0.505	0.821	0.504	0.665	0.492	0.519	0.500	0.716	0.502	0.624	0.495	0.499

Table S.8: Mean severity of risk underrating for Poisson INAR(2), INARCH(1) and INARCH(2) DGPs, coherent (“Coh”) vs. approximate (“Gau”) forecasts, for different (α, T) , $\alpha_2 = 0.35$ in case of the second-order models and forecast horizon $h = 1$, computed across all simulation runs and all levels of μ .

	Poi-INAR(2) DGP				Poi-INARCH(1) DGP				Poi-INARCH(2) DGP									
	$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$		$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$		$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$	
	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau
VaR_{0.95}																		
<i>T</i> = 75	-1.063	-0.653	-1.071	-0.698	-1.128	-0.816	-1.061	-0.660	-1.104	-0.804	-1.206	-1.221	-1.119	-0.795	-1.164	-0.955	-1.275	-1.377
<i>T</i> = 250	-1.007	-0.491	-1.005	-0.533	-1.013	-0.667	-1.005	-0.520	-1.005	-0.648	-1.037	-1.074	-1.019	-0.613	-1.029	-0.769	-1.066	-1.177
<i>T</i> = 2500	-1.000	-0.406	-1.000	-0.453	-1.000	-0.580	-1.000	-0.434	-1.000	-0.584	-1.000	-0.955	-1.000	-0.519	-1.000	-0.664	-1.001	-1.052
TCE_{0.95}																		
<i>T</i> = 75	-0.480	-0.632	-0.479	-0.683	-0.558	-0.806	-0.428	-0.663	-0.445	-0.858	-0.529	-1.380	-0.538	-0.828	-0.578	-1.027	-0.694	-1.534
<i>T</i> = 250	-0.262	-0.449	-0.250	-0.507	-0.260	-0.671	-0.231	-0.501	-0.237	-0.695	-0.251	-1.239	-0.290	-0.630	-0.307	-0.836	-0.348	-1.353
<i>T</i> = 2500	-0.080	-0.348	-0.078	-0.418	-0.074	-0.596	-0.069	-0.401	-0.071	-0.614	-0.069	-1.118	-0.092	-0.527	-0.092	-0.729	-0.102	-1.228
ES_{0.95}																		
<i>T</i> = 75	-0.439	-0.741	-0.425	-0.782	-0.462	-0.909	-0.430	-0.798	-0.446	-0.990	-0.542	-1.515	-0.539	-0.960	-0.580	-1.158	-0.701	-1.666
<i>T</i> = 250	-0.243	-0.548	-0.230	-0.595	-0.227	-0.758	-0.229	-0.633	-0.236	-0.818	-0.267	-1.348	-0.290	-0.759	-0.307	-0.956	-0.352	-1.469
<i>T</i> = 2500	-0.078	-0.446	-0.075	-0.503	-0.072	-0.677	-0.072	-0.548	-0.073	-0.742	-0.082	-1.245	-0.090	-0.658	-0.093	-0.854	-0.104	-1.344
MVaR_{0.95}																		
<i>T</i> = 75	-0.411	-0.661	-0.401	-0.708	-0.431	-0.831	-0.398	-0.665	-0.415	-0.808	-0.505	-1.233	-0.498	-0.802	-0.536	-0.962	-0.652	-1.370
<i>T</i> = 250	-0.225	-0.482	-0.212	-0.525	-0.210	-0.667	-0.211	-0.508	-0.219	-0.645	-0.247	-1.058	-0.268	-0.608	-0.283	-0.761	-0.327	-1.166
<i>T</i> = 2500	-0.072	-0.387	-0.068	-0.436	-0.065	-0.578	-0.066	-0.422	-0.068	-0.577	-0.075	-0.968	-0.084	-0.508	-0.086	-0.652	-0.096	-1.040
EVaR_{0.95}																		
<i>T</i> = 75	-0.387	-0.515	-0.380	-0.552	-0.403	-0.651	-0.367	-0.503	-0.384	-0.615	-0.468	-0.949	-0.461	-0.628	-0.496	-0.753	-0.603	-1.082
<i>T</i> = 250	-0.211	-0.340	-0.200	-0.372	-0.198	-0.481	-0.195	-0.350	-0.202	-0.454	-0.228	-0.770	-0.248	-0.440	-0.262	-0.555	-0.302	-0.862
<i>T</i> = 2500	-0.066	-0.235	-0.063	-0.277	-0.060	-0.383	-0.061	-0.267	-0.063	-0.384	-0.069	-0.666	-0.077	-0.335	-0.080	-0.444	-0.088	-0.726

Table S.9: Relative frequency of risk underrating for Poisson INAR(2), INARCH(1) and INARCH(2) DGPs, coherent (“Coh”) vs. approximate (“Gau”) forecasts, for different (α, T) , $\alpha_2 = 0.45$ in case of the second-order models and forecast horizon $h = 1$, computed across all simulation runs and all levels of μ .

	Poi-INAR(2) DGP						Poi-INARCH(1) DGP						Poi-INARCH(2) DGP					
	$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$		$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$		$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$	
	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau
VaR_{0.95}																		
$T = 75$	0.165	0.561	0.157	0.527	0.150	0.472	0.187	0.630	0.192	0.589	0.199	0.502	0.230	0.581	0.238	0.549	0.257	0.502
$T = 250$	0.102	0.585	0.095	0.530	0.087	0.459	0.109	0.664	0.110	0.598	0.112	0.489	0.138	0.603	0.139	0.554	0.153	0.480
$T = 2500$	0.034	0.607	0.033	0.542	0.030	0.452	0.033	0.696	0.033	0.602	0.031	0.490	0.044	0.618	0.045	0.562	0.047	0.474
TCE_{0.95}																		
$T = 75$	0.382	0.449	0.354	0.419	0.296	0.379	0.494	0.555	0.507	0.524	0.484	0.461	0.504	0.520	0.501	0.501	0.491	0.468
$T = 250$	0.425	0.432	0.405	0.389	0.355	0.346	0.505	0.564	0.498	0.510	0.498	0.444	0.502	0.520	0.503	0.490	0.488	0.442
$T = 2500$	0.474	0.421	0.464	0.374	0.442	0.327	0.505	0.574	0.504	0.515	0.492	0.439	0.498	0.522	0.500	0.486	0.494	0.429
ES_{0.95}																		
$T = 75$	0.428	0.642	0.408	0.576	0.365	0.485	0.494	0.757	0.507	0.678	0.484	0.550	0.504	0.660	0.501	0.615	0.491	0.542
$T = 250$	0.457	0.704	0.444	0.598	0.409	0.472	0.505	0.831	0.498	0.700	0.498	0.551	0.502	0.702	0.503	0.632	0.488	0.522
$T = 2500$	0.486	0.763	0.478	0.622	0.462	0.460	0.505	0.898	0.504	0.728	0.492	0.550	0.498	0.734	0.500	0.647	0.494	0.517
MVaR_{0.95}																		
$T = 75$	0.448	0.670	0.437	0.626	0.410	0.554	0.494	0.734	0.507	0.671	0.484	0.551	0.504	0.649	0.501	0.610	0.491	0.548
$T = 250$	0.469	0.749	0.461	0.672	0.439	0.560	0.505	0.815	0.498	0.696	0.498	0.554	0.502	0.697	0.503	0.630	0.488	0.526
$T = 2500$	0.489	0.826	0.483	0.715	0.474	0.566	0.505	0.901	0.504	0.722	0.492	0.548	0.498	0.734	0.500	0.650	0.494	0.517
EVaR_{0.95}																		
$T = 75$	0.459	0.582	0.450	0.545	0.424	0.487	0.494	0.659	0.507	0.611	0.484	0.516	0.504	0.593	0.501	0.562	0.491	0.514
$T = 250$	0.477	0.633	0.469	0.565	0.447	0.476	0.505	0.735	0.498	0.635	0.498	0.516	0.502	0.633	0.503	0.580	0.488	0.495
$T = 2500$	0.493	0.703	0.486	0.590	0.477	0.473	0.505	0.821	0.504	0.665	0.492	0.519	0.498	0.672	0.500	0.598	0.494	0.490

Table S.10: Mean severity of risk underrating for Poisson INAR(2), INARCH(1) and INARCH(2) DGPs, coherent (“Coh”) vs. approximate (“Gau”) forecasts, for different (α, T) , $\alpha_2 = 0.45$ in case of the second-order models and forecast horizon $h = 1$, computed across all simulation runs and all levels of μ .

	Poi-INAR(2) DGP				Poi-INARCH(1) DGP				Poi-INARCH(2) DGP											
	$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$		$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$		$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$			
	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau	Coh	Gau		
VaR_{0.95}																				
$T = 75$	-1.053	-0.639	-1.063	-0.702	-1.108	-0.849	-1.061	-0.660	-1.104	-0.804	-1.206	-1.221	-1.132	-0.855	-1.185	-1.025	-1.295	-1.423		
$T = 250$	-1.005	-0.481	-1.005	-0.541	-1.012	-0.708	-1.005	-0.520	-1.005	-0.648	-1.037	-1.074	-1.021	-0.670	-1.031	-0.821	-1.074	-1.247		
$T = 2500$	-1.000	-0.401	-1.000	-0.459	-1.000	-0.622	-1.000	-0.434	-1.000	-0.584	-1.000	-0.955	-1.000	-0.576	-1.000	-0.720	-1.001	-1.111		
TCE_{0.95}																				
$T = 75$	-0.469	-0.616	-0.474	-0.684	-0.548	-0.838	-0.428	-0.663	-0.445	-0.858	-0.529	-1.380	-0.551	-0.905	-0.601	-1.109	-0.720	-1.587		
$T = 250$	-0.258	-0.439	-0.249	-0.516	-0.251	-0.720	-0.231	-0.501	-0.237	-0.695	-0.251	-1.239	-0.298	-0.710	-0.305	-0.904	-0.358	-1.433		
$T = 2500$	-0.080	-0.346	-0.078	-0.426	-0.073	-0.640	-0.069	-0.401	-0.071	-0.614	-0.069	-1.118	-0.093	-0.608	-0.095	-0.802	-0.102	-1.311		
ES_{0.95}																				
$T = 75$	-0.407	-0.715	-0.399	-0.784	-0.426	-0.942	-0.430	-0.798	-0.446	-0.990	-0.542	-1.515	-0.550	-1.035	-0.604	-1.237	-0.725	-1.715		
$T = 250$	-0.234	-0.529	-0.221	-0.601	-0.212	-0.804	-0.229	-0.633	-0.236	-0.818	-0.267	-1.348	-0.296	-0.835	-0.310	-1.026	-0.365	-1.556		
$T = 2500$	-0.078	-0.432	-0.074	-0.506	-0.070	-0.723	-0.072	-0.548	-0.073	-0.742	-0.082	-1.245	-0.092	-0.737	-0.095	-0.919	-0.106	-1.429		
MVaR_{0.95}																				
$T = 75$	-0.381	-0.648	-0.379	-0.715	-0.410	-0.866	-0.398	-0.665	-0.415	-0.808	-0.505	-1.233	-0.509	-0.863	-0.558	-1.028	-0.676	-1.413		
$T = 250$	-0.214	-0.474	-0.203	-0.535	-0.202	-0.706	-0.211	-0.508	-0.219	-0.645	-0.247	-1.058	-0.274	-0.667	-0.286	-0.816	-0.341	-1.235		
$T = 2500$	-0.070	-0.383	-0.066	-0.443	-0.063	-0.612	-0.066	-0.422	-0.068	-0.577	-0.075	-0.968	-0.085	-0.569	-0.087	-0.708	-0.099	-1.106		
EVaR_{0.95}																				
$T = 75$	-0.362	-0.505	-0.365	-0.558	-0.395	-0.680	-0.367	-0.503	-0.384	-0.615	-0.468	-0.949	-0.471	-0.676	-0.517	-0.809	-0.626	-1.120		
$T = 250$	-0.200	-0.333	-0.193	-0.379	-0.195	-0.513	-0.195	-0.350	-0.202	-0.454	-0.228	-0.770	-0.254	-0.483	-0.264	-0.596	-0.314	-0.915		
$T = 2500$	-0.065	-0.232	-0.061	-0.284	-0.059	-0.408	-0.061	-0.267	-0.063	-0.384	-0.069	-0.666	-0.079	-0.381	-0.081	-0.486	-0.090	-0.773		

Note: In analogy to Tables S.5, S.7, and S.9, for given parametrization, the frequencies of risk underrating for the coherent TCE, ES, MVaR, and EVaR forecasts of the ll-Poi-AR(1) model agree with each other, see Table S.11. This is again explained by having the one-parameter Poisson forecast distribution.

Table S.11: Frequency of risk underrating for ll-Poi-AR(1) DGP, coherent (“Coh”) vs. approximate (“Gau”) forecasts, for different $(\gamma_0, \gamma_1, \gamma_2)$, $\alpha = 0.55$ and $T = 250$ and forecast horizon $h = 1$, computed across all simulation runs.

	$\gamma_0 = 0.5$			$\gamma_0 = 1$			$\gamma_0 = 2$											
	$\gamma_1 = 0$	Coh	Gau	$\gamma_1 = 0.001$	Coh	Gau	$\gamma_1 = 0$	Coh	Gau	$\gamma_1 = 0.001$	Coh	Gau	$\gamma_1 = 0.003$	Coh	Gau			
VaR_{0.95}																		
$(\gamma_2, \gamma_3) = (0, 0)$	0.119	0.818	0.108	0.780	0.106	0.908	0.021	0.549	0.085	0.763	0.103	0.894	0.093	0.647	0.226	0.814	0.256	0.960
$(\gamma_2, \gamma_3) = (0.1, 0.3)$	0.105	0.652	0.149	0.697	0.178	0.831	0.114	0.609	0.157	0.692	0.181	0.821	0.201	0.587	0.235	0.677	0.287	0.822
$(\gamma_2, \gamma_3) = (0.2, 0.6)$	0.152	0.579	0.123	0.548	0.182	0.646	0.135	0.492	0.159	0.539	0.218	0.584	0.172	0.421	0.239	0.460	0.281	0.511
TCE_{0.95}																		
$(\gamma_2, \gamma_3) = (0, 0)$	0.518	0.694	0.534	0.724	0.524	0.880	0.517	0.480	0.489	0.694	0.491	0.876	0.505	0.555	0.519	0.772	0.515	0.957
$(\gamma_2, \gamma_3) = (0.1, 0.3)$	0.533	0.557	0.513	0.619	0.521	0.797	0.501	0.524	0.503	0.637	0.492	0.779	0.493	0.513	0.501	0.621	0.494	0.809
$(\gamma_2, \gamma_3) = (0.2, 0.6)$	0.508	0.473	0.517	0.504	0.538	0.600	0.511	0.438	0.528	0.488	0.516	0.548	0.483	0.363	0.477	0.425	0.490	0.501
ES_{0.95}																		
$(\gamma_2, \gamma_3) = (0, 0)$	0.518	0.805	0.534	0.832	0.524	0.937	0.517	0.798	0.489	0.848	0.491	0.936	0.505	0.789	0.519	0.877	0.515	0.979
$(\gamma_2, \gamma_3) = (0.1, 0.3)$	0.533	0.763	0.513	0.816	0.521	0.900	0.501	0.754	0.503	0.778	0.492	0.885	0.493	0.661	0.501	0.757	0.494	0.879
$(\gamma_2, \gamma_3) = (0.2, 0.6)$	0.508	0.602	0.517	0.636	0.538	0.745	0.511	0.552	0.528	0.592	0.516	0.677	0.483	0.439	0.477	0.492	0.490	0.541
MVaR_{0.95}																		
$(\gamma_2, \gamma_3) = (0, 0)$	0.518	0.828	0.534	0.870	0.524	0.933	0.517	0.808	0.489	0.839	0.491	0.929	0.505	0.770	0.519	0.849	0.515	0.965
$(\gamma_2, \gamma_3) = (0.1, 0.3)$	0.533	0.811	0.513	0.832	0.521	0.906	0.501	0.765	0.503	0.780	0.492	0.866	0.493	0.649	0.501	0.725	0.494	0.846
$(\gamma_2, \gamma_3) = (0.2, 0.6)$	0.508	0.673	0.517	0.677	0.538	0.743	0.511	0.564	0.528	0.604	0.516	0.652	0.483	0.430	0.477	0.475	0.490	0.520
EVaR_{0.95}																		
$(\gamma_2, \gamma_3) = (0, 0)$	0.518	0.744	0.534	0.808	0.524	0.899	0.517	0.749	0.489	0.788	0.491	0.897	0.505	0.725	0.519	0.805	0.515	0.957
$(\gamma_2, \gamma_3) = (0.1, 0.3)$	0.533	0.701	0.513	0.744	0.521	0.853	0.501	0.676	0.503	0.717	0.492	0.808	0.493	0.598	0.501	0.677	0.494	0.787
$(\gamma_2, \gamma_3) = (0.2, 0.6)$	0.508	0.536	0.517	0.577	0.538	0.655	0.511	0.490	0.528	0.556	0.516	0.580	0.483	0.424	0.477	0.461	0.490	0.491

Table S.12: Frequency of risk underrating for ll-Poi-AR(1) DGP, coherent (“Coh”) vs. approximate (“Gau”) forecasts, for different $(\gamma_0, \gamma_1, \gamma_2)$, $\alpha = 0.55$ and $T = 250$ and forecast horizon $h = 1$, computed across all simulation runs.

	$\gamma_0 = 0.5$			$\gamma_0 = 1$			$\gamma_0 = 2$											
	$\gamma_1 = 0$	Coh	Gau	$\gamma_1 = 0.001$	Coh	Gau	$\gamma_1 = 0$	Coh	Gau	$\gamma_1 = 0.001$	Coh	Gau	$\gamma_1 = 0.003$	Coh	Gau			
VaR_{0.95}																		
$(\gamma_2, \gamma_3) = (0; 0)$	-1.000	-0.484	-1.009	-0.655	-1.009	-0.886	-1.000	-0.465	-1.000	-0.634	-1.000	-1.080	-1.011	-0.575	-1.022	-0.921	-1.055	-1.711
$(\gamma_2, \gamma_3) = (1; 1)$	-1.000	-0.514	-1.000	-0.688	-1.011	-1.066	-1.000	-0.618	-1.013	-0.804	-1.028	-1.229	-1.020	-0.844	-1.077	-1.126	-1.202	-2.156
$(\gamma_2, \gamma_3) = (2; 2)$	-1.000	-0.727	-1.000	-0.879	-1.027	-1.463	-1.030	-0.881	-1.038	-1.173	-1.046	-1.906	-1.064	-1.452	-1.105	-2.118	-1.217	-3.614
TCE_{0.95}																		
$(\gamma_2, \gamma_3) = (0, 0)$	-0.235	-0.454	-0.221	-0.645	-0.228	-0.934	-0.067	-0.470	-0.197	-0.651	-0.239	-1.160	-0.204	-0.602	-0.462	-0.960	-0.547	-1.862
$(\gamma_2, \gamma_3) = (0.1, 0.3)$	-0.218	-0.521	-0.311	-0.720	-0.369	-1.138	-0.252	-0.654	-0.339	-0.840	-0.410	-1.362	-0.433	-0.927	-0.530	-1.243	-0.728	-2.377
$(\gamma_2, \gamma_3) = (0.2, 0.6)$	-0.312	-0.827	-0.266	-0.964	-0.373	-1.668	-0.290	-0.984	-0.335	-1.338	-0.469	-2.181	-0.399	-1.784	-0.580	-2.468	-0.729	-4.042
ES_{0.95}																		
$(\gamma_2, \gamma_3) = (0, 0)$	-0.139	-0.620	-0.208	-0.821	-0.266	-1.286	-0.192	-0.656	-0.241	-0.905	-0.314	-1.500	-0.239	-0.800	-0.425	-1.197	-0.541	-2.222
$(\gamma_2, \gamma_3) = (0.1, 0.3)$	-0.229	-0.666	-0.287	-0.839	-0.356	-1.341	-0.280	-0.759	-0.336	-1.004	-0.449	-1.566	-0.394	-1.038	-0.522	-1.355	-0.720	-2.535
$(\gamma_2, \gamma_3) = (0.2, 0.6)$	-0.246	-0.872	-0.308	-1.097	-0.366	-1.659	-0.274	-1.073	-0.329	-1.399	-0.467	-2.078	-0.387	-1.810	-0.567	-2.470	-0.735	-4.149
MVaR_{0.95}																		
$(\gamma_2, \gamma_3) = (0, 0)$	-0.125	-0.538	-0.215	-0.684	-0.236	-1.048	-0.161	-0.554	-0.215	-0.737	-0.297	-1.209	-0.221	-0.619	-0.400	-0.951	-0.517	-1.788
$(\gamma_2, \gamma_3) = (0.1, 0.3)$	-0.201	-0.563	-0.252	-0.707	-0.322	-1.093	-0.250	-0.620	-0.306	-0.819	-0.422	-1.287	-0.370	-0.822	-0.492	-1.111	-0.687	-2.121
$(\gamma_2, \gamma_3) = (0.2, 0.6)$	-0.216	-0.670	-0.276	-0.866	-0.334	-1.370	-0.242	-0.851	-0.299	-1.114	-0.429	-1.766	-0.368	-1.466	-0.536	-2.089	-0.705	-3.637
EVaR_{0.95}																		
$(\gamma_2, \gamma_3) = (0, 0)$	-0.126	-0.319	-0.188	-0.451	-0.220	-0.729	-0.143	-0.360	-0.201	-0.498	-0.271	-0.871	-0.208	-0.436	-0.373	-0.702	-0.491	-1.332
$(\gamma_2, \gamma_3) = (0.1, 0.3)$	-0.180	-0.371	-0.227	-0.487	-0.293	-0.791	-0.229	-0.438	-0.278	-0.593	-0.385	-0.976	-0.344	-0.630	-0.461	-0.870	-0.652	-1.742
$(\gamma_2, \gamma_3) = (0.2, 0.6)$	-0.191	-0.513	-0.244	-0.666	-0.312	-1.116	-0.222	-0.647	-0.280	-0.849	-0.395	-1.490	-0.342	-1.112	-0.503	-1.682	-0.669	-3.131

Section 4.3 DGPs for Bounded Counts

Table S.13: Frequency of risk underrating for BinAR(1) and BinARCH(1) DGPs, coherent (“Coh”) vs. approximate (“Gau”) forecasts, for $\pi = 0.15$ and different T and forecast horizon $h = 1$, computed across all simulation runs and $n = 10, \dots, 130$.

	BinAR(1) DGP						BinARCH(1) DGP					
	$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$		$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$	
	Coh	Gau										
VaR_{0.95}												
$T = 75$	0.184	0.579	0.156	0.553	0.091	0.478	0.205	0.600	0.204	0.573	0.219	0.528
$T = 250$	0.106	0.607	0.097	0.569	0.076	0.494	0.118	0.632	0.119	0.601	0.122	0.547
$T = 2500$	0.032	0.627	0.033	0.582	0.033	0.506	0.039	0.660	0.038	0.623	0.036	0.566
TCE_{0.95}												
$T = 75$	0.469	0.446	0.401	0.400	0.278	0.304	0.503	0.485	0.503	0.472	0.504	0.459
$T = 250$	0.482	0.413	0.441	0.351	0.370	0.257	0.503	0.468	0.503	0.462	0.497	0.460
$T = 2500$	0.492	0.382	0.479	0.312	0.458	0.227	0.503	0.450	0.503	0.456	0.500	0.468
ES_{0.95}												
$T = 75$	0.489	0.669	0.434	0.628	0.301	0.556	0.503	0.685	0.503	0.644	0.504	0.572
$T = 250$	0.494	0.771	0.463	0.709	0.386	0.633	0.503	0.774	0.503	0.704	0.497	0.602
$T = 2500$	0.498	0.936	0.488	0.852	0.464	0.769	0.503	0.893	0.503	0.756	0.500	0.624
MVaR_{0.95}												
$T = 75$	0.493	0.683	0.449	0.670	0.326	0.664	0.503	0.685	0.503	0.647	0.504	0.577
$T = 250$	0.496	0.786	0.471	0.765	0.400	0.781	0.503	0.773	0.503	0.712	0.497	0.609
$T = 2500$	0.499	0.944	0.490	0.909	0.468	0.925	0.503	0.903	0.503	0.768	0.500	0.636
EVaR_{0.95}												
$T = 75$	0.495	0.602	0.462	0.578	0.359	0.529	0.503	0.613	0.503	0.587	0.504	0.537
$T = 250$	0.497	0.674	0.479	0.634	0.419	0.578	0.503	0.680	0.503	0.636	0.497	0.564
$T = 2500$	0.499	0.851	0.493	0.771	0.475	0.688	0.503	0.821	0.503	0.699	0.500	0.596

Table S.14: Mean severity of risk underrating for BinAR(1) and BinARCH(1) DGPs, coherent (“Coh”) vs. approximate (“Gau”) forecasts, for $\pi = 0.15$ and different T and forecast horizon $h = 1$, computed across all simulation runs and $n = 10, \dots, 130$.

	BinAR(1) DGP						BinARCH(1) DGP					
	$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$		$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$	
	Coh	Gau										
VaR_{0.95}												
$T = 75$	-0.059	-0.609	-0.1043	-0.558	-0.1015	-0.444	-0.1078	-0.670	-0.1103	-0.748	-0.1180	-0.988
$T = 250$	-0.006	-0.430	-0.1004	-0.398	-0.1001	-0.326	-0.1010	-0.476	-0.1013	-0.548	-0.1028	-0.759
$T = 2500$	-1.000	-0.339	-1.000	-0.320	-1.000	-0.275	-1.000	-0.375	-1.000	-0.447	-1.000	-0.659
TCE_{0.95}												
$T = 75$	-0.440	-0.571	-0.438	-0.509	-0.374	-0.382	-0.454	-0.645	-0.463	-0.745	-0.529	-1.019
$T = 250$	-0.237	-0.353	-0.245	-0.315	-0.238	-0.234	-0.245	-0.413	-0.249	-0.513	-0.261	-0.773
$T = 2500$	-0.071	-0.218	-0.078	-0.199	-0.085	-0.148	-0.079	-0.280	-0.078	-0.391	-0.076	-0.661
ES_{0.95}												
$T = 75$	-0.425	-0.671	-0.396	-0.593	-0.340	-0.432	-0.450	-0.757	-0.466	-0.856	-0.532	-1.148
$T = 250$	-0.235	-0.441	-0.231	-0.383	-0.225	-0.265	-0.245	-0.522	-0.249	-0.626	-0.264	-0.912
$T = 2500$	-0.076	-0.302	-0.077	-0.252	-0.082	-0.163	-0.077	-0.389	-0.077	-0.510	-0.079	-0.815
MVaR_{0.95}												
$T = 75$	-0.402	-0.604	-0.360	-0.553	-0.275	-0.446	-0.433	-0.663	-0.448	-0.745	-0.513	-0.995
$T = 250$	-0.221	-0.404	-0.206	-0.372	-0.179	-0.308	-0.236	-0.454	-0.239	-0.532	-0.254	-0.765
$T = 2500$	-0.071	-0.283	-0.068	-0.264	-0.065	-0.235	-0.074	-0.329	-0.074	-0.423	-0.075	-0.666
EVaR_{0.95}												
$T = 75$	-0.379	-0.478	-0.336	-0.434	-0.242	-0.334	-0.412	-0.527	-0.427	-0.588	-0.491	-0.789
$T = 250$	-0.208	-0.289	-0.188	-0.260	-0.150	-0.190	-0.225	-0.329	-0.228	-0.385	-0.243	-0.552
$T = 2500$	-0.066	-0.157	-0.061	-0.140	-0.054	-0.098	-0.070	-0.197	-0.071	-0.270	-0.072	-0.442

Note: In analogy to Tables S.5, S.7, and S.9, for given (α, T) , the frequencies of risk underrating for the coherent TCE, ES, MVaR, and EVaR forecasts of the BinARCH(1) model nearly agree with each other, see Tables S.13 and S.15. This is again explained by having a one-parameter forecast distribution, now the binomial distribution. However, for $\alpha = 0.80$, there are sometimes slight deviations. These occur if some of the simulated risk forecasts became equal to the upper bound n of the range, because then, there might be exact matches instead of an underrating.

Table S.15: Frequency of risk underrating for BinAR(1) and BinARCH(1) DGPs, coherent (“Coh”) vs. approximate (“Gau”) forecasts, for $\pi = 0.45$ and different T and forecast horizon $h = 1$, computed across all simulation runs and $n = 10, \dots, 130$.

	BinAR(1) DGP						BinARCH(1) DGP					
	$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$		$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$	
	Coh	Gau										
VaR_{0.95}												
$T = 75$	0.205	0.498	0.185	0.495	0.109	0.448	0.228	0.515	0.227	0.504	0.234	0.463
$T = 250$	0.120	0.488	0.120	0.496	0.096	0.459	0.139	0.518	0.136	0.505	0.135	0.489
$T = 2500$	0.031	0.476	0.044	0.495	0.041	0.473	0.046	0.521	0.044	0.513	0.042	0.508
TCE_{0.95}												
$T = 75$	0.464	0.332	0.400	0.319	0.268	0.257	0.499	0.350	0.500	0.342	0.500	0.313
$T = 250$	0.480	0.234	0.440	0.223	0.367	0.183	0.501	0.260	0.500	0.251	0.499	0.248
$T = 2500$	0.493	0.093	0.480	0.106	0.455	0.110	0.500	0.120	0.501	0.120	0.499	0.143
ES_{0.95}												
$T = 75$	0.489	0.511	0.431	0.498	0.287	0.461	0.499	0.510	0.500	0.501	0.500	0.460
$T = 250$	0.495	0.509	0.462	0.496	0.380	0.481	0.501	0.513	0.500	0.506	0.499	0.495
$T = 2500$	0.499	0.512	0.488	0.504	0.461	0.528	0.500	0.524	0.501	0.537	0.499	0.580
MVaR_{0.95}												
$T = 75$	0.491	0.573	0.445	0.571	0.310	0.572	0.499	0.568	0.500	0.559	0.500	0.518
$T = 250$	0.497	0.620	0.470	0.626	0.393	0.667	0.501	0.616	0.500	0.606	0.500	0.588
$T = 2500$	0.499	0.783	0.490	0.803	0.466	0.883	0.500	0.775	0.501	0.768	0.499	0.735
EVaR_{0.95}												
$T = 75$	0.494	0.518	0.461	0.509	0.349	0.480	0.499	0.516	0.500	0.511	0.501	0.481
$T = 250$	0.498	0.525	0.479	0.515	0.415	0.497	0.501	0.527	0.500	0.523	0.500	0.515
$T = 2500$	0.500	0.563	0.493	0.555	0.471	0.549	0.500	0.571	0.501	0.579	0.500	0.599

Table S.16: Mean severity of risk underrating for BinAR(1) and BinARCH(1) DGPs, coherent (“Coh”) vs. approximate (“Gau”) forecasts, for $\pi = 0.45$ and different T and forecast horizon $h = 1$, computed across all simulation runs and $n = 10, \dots, 130$.

	BinAR(1) DGP						BinARCH(1) DGP					
	$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$		$\alpha = 0.33$		$\alpha = 0.55$		$\alpha = 0.80$	
	Coh	Gau										
VaR_{0.95}												
$T = 75$	-1.114	-0.675	-1.101	-0.624	-1.058	-0.487	-1.135	-0.729	-1.146	-0.732	-1.210	-0.762
$T = 250$	-1.019	-0.416	-1.020	-0.390	-1.011	-0.319	-1.022	-0.452	-1.023	-0.450	-1.030	-0.453
$T = 2500$	-1.000	-0.259	-1.000	-0.264	-1.000	-0.246	-1.000	-0.282	-1.000	-0.280	-1.000	-0.293
TCE_{0.95}												
$T = 75$	-0.512	-0.638	-0.539	-0.574	-0.482	-0.429	-0.516	-0.694	-0.519	-0.697	-0.562	-0.726
$T = 250$	-0.270	-0.334	-0.305	-0.305	-0.307	-0.223	-0.282	-0.372	-0.277	-0.370	-0.277	-0.368
$T = 2500$	-0.070	-0.104	-0.101	-0.101	-0.107	-0.087	-0.090	-0.123	-0.087	-0.120	-0.083	-0.132
ES_{0.95}												
$T = 75$	-0.505	-0.722	-0.488	-0.641	-0.438	-0.473	-0.508	-0.763	-0.518	-0.768	-0.566	-0.789
$T = 250$	-0.282	-0.396	-0.284	-0.348	-0.294	-0.253	-0.277	-0.420	-0.278	-0.417	-0.282	-0.423
$T = 2500$	-0.090	-0.130	-0.095	-0.115	-0.106	-0.092	-0.086	-0.138	-0.086	-0.140	-0.086	-0.166
MVaR_{0.95}												
$T = 75$	-0.495	-0.670	-0.455	-0.603	-0.364	-0.466	-0.510	-0.704	-0.521	-0.711	-0.571	-0.741
$T = 250$	-0.275	-0.382	-0.261	-0.343	-0.241	-0.274	-0.278	-0.402	-0.279	-0.402	-0.284	-0.413
$T = 2500$	-0.087	-0.162	-0.086	-0.154	-0.087	-0.152	-0.087	-0.167	-0.087	-0.172	-0.086	-0.203
EVaR_{0.95}												
$T = 75$	-0.483	-0.568	-0.432	-0.512	-0.316	-0.391	-0.508	-0.602	-0.519	-0.610	-0.570	-0.647
$T = 250$	-0.267	-0.313	-0.241	-0.276	-0.197	-0.202	-0.277	-0.331	-0.278	-0.330	-0.284	-0.335
$T = 2500$	-0.084	-0.102	-0.079	-0.090	-0.070	-0.068	-0.086	-0.108	-0.087	-0.109	-0.086	-0.123