

## **Themenliste VWL Seminar**

### **„Europäische Integration: Herausforderungen und Perspektiven“ (5. Trim.)**

WT 2021, BSc, ISA

Module: ISA 00576

#### **1. EU Institutionen: Struktur und Machtverteilung**

##### **(EU institutions: Structure and power distribution)**

- Cardinale, I. and Landesmann, M. (2016). Exploring Sectoral Conflicts of Interest in the Eurozone: A Structural Political Economy Approach. *Wiiw Essays and Occasional Papers* 3. (<https://euagenda.eu/upload/publications/untitled-71935-ea.pdf>; last accessed August 18, 2020).
- Cartensen, M.B.; Schmidt V.A. (2018). Power and changing modes of governance in the euro crisis. *Governance* (31): 609-624. (<https://doi.org/10.1111/gove.12318>; last accessed August 10, 2020).
- Genovese, Federica; Schneider, Gerald (2020). Smoke with fire: Financial crises and the demand for parliamentary oversight in the European Union. *Rev Int Organ* 15: 633-665. (<https://doi.org/10.1007/s11558-020-09383-0>; last accessed August 10, 2020).
- Weingast, B.R. (1995). The Economic Role of Political Institutions: Market-preserving Federalism and Economic Development. *Journal of Law, Economics, & Organization*, 1-31.

#### **2. Zufriedenheit mit der Demokratie und die Erscheinung von Populismus in der EU**

##### **(Satisfaction with Democracy, and the emergence of populism in the EU)**

- Algan, Y et al. (2017). "The European Trust Crisis and the Rise of Populism", *Brookings Papers on Economic Activity* (Fall):309-400.
- Dluhosch, B. et al. (2015). "EU enlargement and satisfaction with democracy: a peculiar case of immiserizing growth", *Const Polit Econ*, 27: 273-298.
- Dustmann, C. et al. (2017). Populism and trust in Europe, vox.eu.org (<https://voxeu.org/article/populism-and-trust-europe>; last accessed: August 10, 2020).
- Foster, C. and Frieden, J. (2020). Economic Determinants of Public Support for European Integration, 1995-2018. Working Paper. ([https://scholar.harvard.edu/files/jfrieden/files/economic\\_determinants\\_of\\_public\\_support\\_for\\_european\\_integration\\_draft\\_4.0.pdf](https://scholar.harvard.edu/files/jfrieden/files/economic_determinants_of_public_support_for_european_integration_draft_4.0.pdf); last accessed August 24, 2020).
- Kayran, E.N. (2016). Trust Thy Institutions: Importance of Trust in Political Institutions in Mediating Public Attitudes Towards European Integration and Immigration; Paper prepared for 3rd ESS Conference, Geneva,

([https://www.europeansocialsurvey.org/docs/about/conference/KAYRAN\\_Trust-Thy-Institutions.pdf](https://www.europeansocialsurvey.org/docs/about/conference/KAYRAN_Trust-Thy-Institutions.pdf); last accessed August 10, 2020).

### 3. Deutschlands Rolle in der EU

(Germany's role in the EU)

- Aggestam, L. and Hyde-Price, A. (2020). Learning to Lead? Germany and the Leadership Paradox in EU Foreign Policy. *German Politics*, Vol. 29; Issue 1.
- Bulmer, S. (2019). Deutschland in der EU: Europas unverzichtbarer Hegemon? *Institut für Europäische Politik, Issue 1*, 3-20.
- Schild, J. (2020). The myth of German hegemony in the euro area revisited. *West European Politics*, 43:5, 1072-1094.
- Schweiger, C. (2018). Germany's Role in the EU-27 Leadership Constellation after Brexit. *German Politics and Society, Issue 127 Vol. 31, No. 2*, 100-117.
- Yordanova, N. et al. (2020). Swaying citizen support for EU membership: Evidence from a survey experiment of German voters. *European Union Politics, Vol. 21 (3)*, 429-450.

### 4. Brexit: Der Desintegrationsprozess in der EU

(Brexit: The disintegration process in the EU)

- Bulmer, S. and Quaglia, L. (2018). The politics and economics of Brexit. *Journal of European Public Policy*, 25:8; 1089-1098.
- Glencross, A. (2020). „Love Europe, hate the EU”: A genealogical inquiry into populists' spatio-cultural critique of the European Union and its consequences, *European Journal of International Relations, Vol. 26(1)*: 116-136.
- Hobolt, S.; Leeper, T.; and Tilley, J. (2020). Divided by the vote: affective polarization in the wake of the Brexit referendum. *British Journal of Political Science*.
- Kóczy, L. (2016). How Brexit would affect the EU power distribution. Voxeu.org ( <https://voxeu.org/article/brexit-and-eu-power-distribution>; last accessed August 24, 2020).

### 5. COVID-19 und die Auswirkungen auf die EU

(COVID-19 and the impact on the EU)

- Celi, G., Guarascio, D., and Simonazzi, A. (2020). A fragile and divided European Union meets Covid-19: further disintegration or 'Hamiltonian moment'? *Journal of Industrial and Business Economics*, 47, 411-424.
- Cernat, L. (editor) (2020). Trade policy reflections beyond the COVID19 outbreak. *European Commission, Chief Economist Note, Issue 2*, 1-28 ([https://trade.ec.europa.eu/doclib/docs/2020/july/tradoc\\_158859.pdf](https://trade.ec.europa.eu/doclib/docs/2020/july/tradoc_158859.pdf); last accessed August 18, 2020).
- Jones, A. et al. (2020). The challenge of scaling up the European Union's global response to COVID-19. *Ecdpm Briefing Note No. 116*, (<https://euagenda.eu/upload/publications/the-challenge-of-scaling-up-the-european-union-s-global-response-to-covid-19.pdf>; last accessed August 18, 2020).
- Koenig, N. and Rubio, E. (2020). What the European Council's MFF/Recovery deal tells us about the EU's global ambition. *Jacques Delors Centre Policy Brief*,

([https://opus4.kobv.de/opus4-hsog/frontdoor/deliver/index/docId/3585/file/20200722\\_Security\\_Koenig\\_Rubio.pdf](https://opus4.kobv.de/opus4-hsog/frontdoor/deliver/index/docId/3585/file/20200722_Security_Koenig_Rubio.pdf); last accessed August 18, 2020).

- Landesmann, M. A. (2020). Covid-19 crisis: centrifugal vs. centripetal forces in the EU a political-economic analysis. *Journal of Industrial and Business Economics*, 47, 439-453.

## 6. Die Handels Politik - und die Globale Strategie der EU (The EU's Trade Policy and Global Strategy)

- Barbé, E. and Morillas, P. (2019). The EU global strategy: the dynamics of a more politicized and politically integrated foreign policy. *Cambridge Review of International Affairs*, 32:6, 753-770.
- Dür, A., Eckhardt, J., and Poletti, A. (2020). Global Value Chains, the Anti-Globalization Backlash, and EU Trade Policy: A Research Agenda. *Journal of European Public Policy*, Vol. 27, No. 6.
- Leblond, P. and Viju-Milijusevic, C. (2019). EU trade policy in the twenty-first century: change, continuity and challenges. *Journal of European Public Policy*, 26:12, 1836-1846.
- Lippert, B., Ondarza, N., and Perthes, V. (Eds.) (2019). European strategic autonomy: actors, issues, conflicts of interests (SWP Research Paper, 4/2019). *Stiftung Wissenschaft und Politik \_SWP- Deutsches Institut für Internationale Politik und Sicherheit*.  
([https://www.swp-berlin.org/fileadmin/contents/products/research\\_papers/2019RP04\\_lpt\\_orz\\_prt\\_web.pdf](https://www.swp-berlin.org/fileadmin/contents/products/research_papers/2019RP04_lpt_orz_prt_web.pdf); last accessed August 18, 2020).
- Smith, K. (2017). A European Union global strategy for a changing world? *Int Polit*, 54, 503-518.

## 7. Die EU und die USA: Chancen und Herausforderungen (EU and the U.S.: Opportunities and challenges)

- Bertelsmann Foundation, The German Marshall Fund of the United States, Institut Montaigne (2020). State of the Transatlantic Relationship. ([https://www.gmfus.org/sites/default/files/TT20\\_Final.pdf](https://www.gmfus.org/sites/default/files/TT20_Final.pdf); last accessed August 24, 2020).
- Burgoon, B., Oliver, T., and Trubowitz, P. (2017). Globalization, domestic politics, and transatlantic relations. *Int Polit*, 54, 420-433.
- Dominguez, R., and Weissman LaFrance, J. (2020). The United States and the European Union. *Oxford Research Encyclopedia of Politics*. (<https://oxfordre.com/politics/view/10.1093/acrefore/9780190228637.001.0001/acrefore-9780190228637-e-1125?print=pdf>; last accessed August 25, 2020).
- Kunz, B. (2020). The Evolving Transatlantic Link: What European Response? Disentangling the European Security Debate. In: Quessard, M., Heurtebize, F.; and Gagnon, F. (eds.). *Alliances and Power Politics in the Trump Era*. Palgrave Macmillan, Cham. ([https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-37258-3\\_3](https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-37258-3_3); last accessed August 24, 2020).
- Schlegel, C. (2020). Tariffs, NATO and Nord Stream: Is Trump the Problem to a Transatlantic Free Trade Agreement?. *Z Außen Sicherheitspolit* 13, 65-81.

- Schneider-Petsinger, M. (2019). US-EU Trade Relations in the Trump Era. Which Way Forward?. Chatham House, Research Paper. (<https://www.chathamhouse.org/sites/default/files/publications/research/2019-03-08US-EUTradeRelations2.pdf>; August 24, 2020).

## 8. China und die EU (China and the EU)

- Cameron, F. (2019). The European Union's New Rival -China. *GIGA Focus Asien*, 7, 1-11.
- García-Herrero, A. et al. (2017). EU-China Economic Relations to 2025 building a Common Future. *Chatham House* (<https://www.chathamhouse.org/sites/default/files/publications/research/2017-09-13-eu-china-economic-relations-2025-garcia-herrero-kwok-liu-summers-zhang-final.pdf>; last accessed August 24, 2020).
- Grimm, A. and Eszterhai, V. (2020). The Belt and Road Initiative and the Development of China's Economic Statecraft: European Attitudes and Responses. *International Studies*, 57 (3), 223-239.
- Le Corre, P. (2018). China's Rise as a Geoeconomic Influencer: Four European Case Studies. *Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, Working Paper*.
- Sarsenbayev, M. and Véron, N. (2020). European versus American Perspectives on the Belt and Road Initiative. *China & World Economy*, Vol. 28, No. 2, 84-112.
- Soula, E. et al. (2020). Masks Off: Chinese Coronavirus Assistance in Europe. *GMF Policy Paper No. 9*. (<https://www.gmfus.org/sites/default/files/publications/pdf/ASD-ASIA%20-%20EU%20China%20Coronavirus%20-%20final.pdf>; last accessed August 24, 2020).

## 9. Die EU und Russland

- Belín, M., Hanousek, J. (2020). Which sanctions matter? Analysis of the EU/Russian sanctions of 2014. *Journal of Comparative Economics*. (<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jce.2020.07.001>; last accessed August 25, 2020).
- Casier, T. (2020). Not on speaking terms, but business as usual: the ambiguous coexistence of conflict and cooperation in EU-Russia relations. *East European Politics*, (<https://doi.org/10.1080/21599165.2020.1756784>; last accessed August 24, 2020).
- Siddi, M. (2018). The Role of Power in EU-Russia Energy Relations: The Interplay between Markets and Geopolitics. *Europe-Asia Studies*, 70:10, 1552-1571.
- Schmidt-Felzmann, A. (2019). Between Geopolitics and Market Rules: The EU's Energy Interdependence with Russia. In Raik, K., and Rácz, A. (eds.). *Post-Crimea Shift in EU-Russia Relations: From Fostering Interdependence to Managing Vulnerabilities*. International Centre for Defence and Security.

## 10. Die EU und Lateinamerika (The EU and Latin America)

- ECLAC (2018). The European Union and Latin America and the Caribbean. Convergent and sustainable strategies in the current global environment.

([https://repositorio.cepal.org/bitstream/handle/11362/43741/9/S1800902\\_en.pdf](https://repositorio.cepal.org/bitstream/handle/11362/43741/9/S1800902_en.pdf); last accessed August 25, 2020).

- Serbin, A., and Serbin Pont, A. (coord.) (2018). Why should the European Union have any relevance for Latin America and the Caribbean?. *EU-LAC*. (<https://eulacfoundation.org/en/system/files/why-should-eu-relevance-lac-en-web.pdf>; last accessed August 25, 2020).
- Gratius, S. (2018). Brazil and the European Union: from liberal inter-regionalism to realist bilateralism. *Rev. Bras. Polit. Int.*, 61 (1), 1-21.
- Timini, J.; and Viani, F. (2020). The EU-Mercosur Free Trade Agreement: Main Features and Economic Impact. *Analytical Articles, Economic Bulletin, Banco de España* 1/2020. (<https://repositorio.bde.es/bitstream/123456789/11802/1/be2001-art8e.pdf>; last accessed August 25, 2020).

Ab sofort (bis zum 06. Januar 2021) kann ein Thema zur Bearbeitung übernommen werden. Anmeldung und Themenvergabe sind per Email möglich ([ana.soliz@hsu-hh.de](mailto:ana.soliz@hsu-hh.de)) und am ersten Termin am 06. Januar 2021

Die Vergabe der Themen erfolgt nach dem Windhundverfahren nach der Reihenfolge des Eingangs der Emails und Bestätigung. Die Anmeldung ist verbindlich und wird bei Nicht-Bearbeitung mit der Note 5.0 bewertet.

Das Seminar selbst findet n.V. als Webinar via MS Teams statt. Nähere Informationen (Termin/e, Formalia und Abgabe der Seminararbeiten etc.) folgen nach der Anmeldung.